

Let $\mathbf{F} = z\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}$ represent the flow of a liquid. Find the flux of $\mathbf{F}$ through the surface S given by that portion of the plane $3x + 2y + z = 6$ in the first octant oriented upward. [104 彰師大物理甲光電甲 6]

[解] 令 $f = 3x + 2y + z$, S 的單位法向量為

$$\mathbf{n} = \frac{\nabla f}{|\nabla f|} = \frac{3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{3^2 + 2^2 + 1^2}} = \frac{3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s} &= \iint_S \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \frac{dxdy}{|\mathbf{n} \cdot \mathbf{k}|} = \iint_S (z\mathbf{j} + z\mathbf{k}) \cdot \frac{3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{14}} \frac{dxdy}{\left| \frac{3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{14}} \cdot \mathbf{k} \right|} \\ &= \iint_S 3z dxdy = \int_0^2 \int_0^{3-3x/2} (18 - 9x - 6y) dy dx \\ &= \int_0^2 (18y - 9xy - 3y^2) \Big|_0^{3-3x/2} dx \\ &= \int_0^2 [(54 - 27x) - (27x - 27x^2/2) - (27 - 27x + 27x^2/4)] dx \\ &= \int_0^2 (27x^2/4 - 27x + 27) dx = (9x^3/4 - 27x^2/2 + 27x) \Big|_0^2 = 18 \end{aligned}$$

