

Find the directional derivative of $F(x, y, z) = xy^2 - 4x^2y + z^2$ at $(1, -1, 2)$ in the direction of $6\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$. [104 中原機械甲 6]

$$\begin{aligned} [\text{解}] \nabla F &= \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} = (y^2 - 8xy)\mathbf{i} + (2xy - 4x^2)\mathbf{j} + 2z\mathbf{k} \\ \nabla F|_{(1, -1, 2)} &= [(-1)^2 - 8 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1)]\mathbf{i} + [2 \cdot 1 \cdot (-1) - 4 \cdot 1^2]\mathbf{j} + 2 \cdot 2\mathbf{k} = 9\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k} \\ \text{令 } \mathbf{a} = 6\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k} \Rightarrow \mathbf{u}_a &= \frac{\mathbf{a}}{|\mathbf{a}|} = \frac{6\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{6^2 + 2^2 + 3^2}} = \frac{6\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}}{7} \\ \text{所求為 } \nabla F|_{(1, -1, 2)} \cdot \mathbf{u}_a &= (9\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}) \cdot \frac{6\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}}{7} = \frac{54 - 12 + 12}{7} = \frac{54}{7} \end{aligned}$$