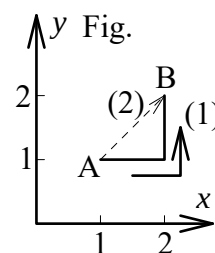


Calculate the line integral of function $\mathbf{v} = y^2 x \mathbf{i} + 2x(y+1) \mathbf{j}$ from the point A(1,1,0) to the point B(2, 2,0), along the path (1) and (2) in Fig. What is the line integral $\oint \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l}$ for the loop that goes from A to B along (1) and return to A along (2)? [98 屏教大光電 10]



[解] along (1)

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{C_1} \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l} &= \int_A^C \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l} + \int_C^B \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \int_1^2 [1^2 \cdot x \mathbf{i} + 2x(1+1) \mathbf{j}] \cdot dx \mathbf{i} + \int_1^2 [y^2 \cdot 2 \mathbf{i} + 2 \cdot 2(y+1) \mathbf{j}] \cdot dy \mathbf{j} \\ &= \int_1^2 x dx + \int_1^2 4(y+1) dy = \left. \frac{x^2}{2} \right|_1^2 + (2y^2 + 4y) \Big|_1^2 = \frac{3}{2} + (6+4) = \frac{23}{2} \end{aligned}$$

along (2)

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{C_2} \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l} &= \int_1^2 [x^2 \cdot x \mathbf{i} + 2x(x+1) \mathbf{j}] \cdot (dx \mathbf{i} + dx \mathbf{j}) = \int_1^2 [x^3 + 2x(x+1)] dx \\ &= \left(\frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{2x^3}{3} + x^2 \right) \Big|_1^2 = \frac{15}{4} + \frac{14}{3} + 3 = \frac{137}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\oint \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \int_{C_1} \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l} - \int_{C_2} \mathbf{v} \cdot d\mathbf{l} = \frac{23}{2} - \frac{137}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$