

已知 $f(x, y, z) = 2x - y^2 + z^2$ ，(1)求 ∇f ；(2)求由坐標(4, -4, 2)處指向原點方向的單位向量 $\mathbf{u}$ ；(3)求往上述 $\mathbf{u}$ 方向之 directional derivative $D_{\mathbf{u}}f(4, -4, 2)$ 。[104 高應大機械甲丙 6]

$$[\text{解}](1) \nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \mathbf{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \mathbf{k} = 2\mathbf{i} - 2y\mathbf{j} + 2z\mathbf{k}$$

$$(2) \mathbf{u} = \frac{-4\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}}{\sqrt{(-4)^2 + 4^2 + (-2)^2}} = \frac{-2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}}{3}$$

$$(3) \nabla f|_{(4, -4, 2)} = 2\mathbf{i} - 2(-4)\mathbf{j} + 2 \cdot 2\mathbf{k} = 2\mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$$

$$D_{\mathbf{u}}f(4, -4, 2) = \nabla f|_{(4, -4, 2)} \cdot \mathbf{u} = (2\mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}) \cdot \frac{-2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}}{3} = \frac{-4 + 16 - 4}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$