

Find out what type of conic section is represented by given quadratic form.  $Q = 17x_1^2 - 30x_1x_2 + 17x_2^2 = 128$ . Transform it to principal axes. [97 中央機械丁光電甲 5]

[解]  $(-30)^2 - 4 \cdot 17 \cdot 17 = -256 < 0 \Rightarrow$  elliptic type

$$Q = 17x_1^2 - 30x_1x_2 + 17x_2^2 = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow Q = \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = 1$$

$$\text{where } \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 17 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I}| = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} 17 - \lambda & -15 \\ -15 & 17 - \lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow (\lambda - 2)(\lambda - 32) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = 2, 32$$

$$\lambda = 2, (\mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I})\mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 15 & -15 \\ -15 & 15 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \mathbf{e}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 32, (\mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I})\mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -15 & -15 \\ -15 & -15 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \mathbf{e}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Let } \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{y}, \text{ where } \mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{P} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix}, \text{ then}$$

$$Q = \mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} = (\mathbf{P}\mathbf{y})^T \mathbf{A} (\mathbf{P}\mathbf{y}) = \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{P}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{y}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 17 & -15 \\ -15 & 17 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2} & \sqrt{2} \\ -16\sqrt{2} & 16\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 32 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = 2y_1^2 + 32y_2^2$$