

Define the matrices  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{\Lambda}$  as  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $\mathbf{\Lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & c \end{bmatrix}$ , respectively.

(a) If  $\mathbf{\Lambda}$  is the diagonal matrix of  $\mathbf{A}$ , find the value of  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  for  $a \leq b \leq c$ .

(b) Find a matrix  $\mathbf{X}$  such  $\mathbf{\Lambda} = \mathbf{X}^{-1}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}$ .

(c) Find a matrix  $\mathbf{B}$  such that  $\mathbf{B}^3 = \mathbf{A}$ . [104 彰師大物理甲光電甲 4]

$$[\text{解}] |\mathbf{A} - \lambda\mathbf{I}| = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} -3-\lambda & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2-\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -4-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow -(\lambda+4)(\lambda+3)(\lambda+2) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = -4, -3, -2$$

得  $a = -4, b = -3, c = -2$

$$\lambda = -4, (\mathbf{A} - \lambda\mathbf{I})\mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = -3, (\mathbf{A} - \lambda\mathbf{I})\mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = -2, (\mathbf{A} - \lambda\mathbf{I})\mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{得 } \mathbf{\Lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \mathbf{X}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \sqrt[3]{\mathbf{A}} = \mathbf{X}\sqrt[3]{\mathbf{\Lambda}}\mathbf{X}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt[3]{-4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt[3]{-3} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt[3]{-2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\sqrt[3]{-3} & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt[3]{-3} & \sqrt[3]{-2} \\ \sqrt[3]{-4} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt[3]{-3} & 0 & 0 \\ -\sqrt[3]{-3} + \sqrt[3]{-2} & \sqrt[3]{-2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt[3]{-4} \end{bmatrix}$$