

A matrix  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & a \\ 2 & 4 & b \\ 2 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix}$  has two eigenvectors  $\boldsymbol{\varphi}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\boldsymbol{\varphi}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ , where  $a, b, c$  are unknown

constants. Find (1) the values of  $a, b, c$ , (2) the three eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$ , and (3) the third eigenvector  $\boldsymbol{\varphi}_3$ . [104 中興土木甲 2]

$$[\text{解}] \mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\varphi}_1 - \lambda_1\boldsymbol{\varphi}_1 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & a \\ 2 & 4 & b \\ 2 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \lambda_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2+a \\ 4+b-\lambda_1 \\ 1+c-\lambda_1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\varphi}_2 - \lambda_2\boldsymbol{\varphi}_2 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 & a \\ 2 & 4 & b \\ 2 & 1 & c \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \lambda_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1+2a+\lambda_2 \\ -2+2b \\ -2+2c-2\lambda_2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

得  $a = -2, b = 1, \lambda_1 = 5, \lambda_2 = 3, c = 4$

$$|\mathbf{A} - \lambda\mathbf{I}| = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} -1-\lambda & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 4-\lambda & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 4-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow -(\lambda+1)(\lambda-4)^2 + (\lambda+1) = 0$$

$$(\lambda+1)(\lambda-3)(\lambda-5) = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 5, \lambda_2 = 3, \lambda_3 = -1$$

$$\lambda = -1, (\mathbf{A} - \lambda\mathbf{I})\boldsymbol{\varphi} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \Rightarrow \boldsymbol{\varphi}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$