

請計算積分  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2+1}{x^6+1} dx$ . [102 海洋光電 9]

[解] 令  $f(z) = \frac{z^2+1}{z^6+1}$

$f(z)$  在上半平面有單極點  $z = e^{i\frac{\pi}{6}}, e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}, e^{i\frac{5\pi}{6}}$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{e^{i\frac{\pi}{6}}} &= \left. \frac{z^2+1}{6z^5} \right|_{z=e^{i\frac{\pi}{6}}} = \frac{e^{i\frac{\pi}{3}}+1}{6e^{i\frac{5\pi}{6}}} = \frac{(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i)+1}{6(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i)} = \frac{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i}{-3\sqrt{3}+3i} = \frac{3+\sqrt{3}i}{-6\sqrt{3}+6i} = \frac{(3+\sqrt{3}i)(-6\sqrt{3}-6i)}{(-6\sqrt{3})^2+6^2} \\ &= \frac{-12\sqrt{3}-36i}{144} = \frac{-\sqrt{3}-3i}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$R_{e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}} = \left. \frac{z^2+1}{6z^5} \right|_{z=e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}} = \frac{e^{i\pi}+1}{6e^{i\frac{5\pi}{2}}} = \frac{(-1)+1}{6(0+i)} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{e^{i\frac{5\pi}{6}}} &= \left. \frac{z^2+1}{6z^5} \right|_{z=e^{i\frac{5\pi}{6}}} = \frac{e^{i\frac{5\pi}{3}}+1}{6e^{i\frac{25\pi}{6}}} = \frac{(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i)+1}{6(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i)} = \frac{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i}{3\sqrt{3}+3i} = \frac{3-\sqrt{3}i}{6\sqrt{3}+6i} = \frac{(3-\sqrt{3}i)(6\sqrt{3}-6i)}{(6\sqrt{3})^2+6^2} \\ &= \frac{12\sqrt{3}-36i}{144} = \frac{\sqrt{3}-3i}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{x^2+1}{x^6+1} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2+1}{x^6+1} dx = \pi i (R_{e^{i\frac{\pi}{6}}} + R_{e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}} + R_{e^{i\frac{5\pi}{6}}}) = \pi i \left(-\frac{i}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$